South Africa

The Continuous Statistical Investigations Committee (CSI), which falls under the Actuarial Society of South Africa, is very active.

In 2011 the CSI published the following reports (all based on insured lives)

- Assured Lives 1999 to 2002
- Disability Lump Sum 2000 to 2003
- Critical Illness 2000 to 2003

In April 2012 the CSI published the following report

- Annuitant Mortality 2001 to 2004

The CSI will also publish, before the end of 2012:

- Assured Lives 2003 to 2006
- Pensioner Mortality an initial interim report

The most recent standard mortality for assured lives is the SA85-90, which was based on a study of assured lives from 1985 to 1990.

The population mortality tables are relatively old, but an academic is currently looking to publish updated SALT (South African Life Tables) based on fairly recent population mortality data.

Rest of Africa

Francophone countries
The Francophone countries have combined their resources and have a combined insurance regulations and standards document for member countries. As part of this they have also created a combined morality table based on some studies that is used for all valuation work. It is called the CIMA table and was based mainly on the West African countries.

Sub-Saharan countries

Kenya has just launched an assured lives table. The local actuarial society there (TASK) was involved as was a local actuarial consultancy.
Ghana recently tried to do an industry assured lives investigation sponsored by the IFC. There were difficulties getting credible data.

Mauritius is starting a process to see if they can develop standard tables.

Nigeria, Zambia, Lesotho, Swaziland, Malawi, Botswana, Namibia, Zimbabwe, Mauritius, Tanzania – have no standard tables and tend to use SA or UK tables.

Some of the insurers in these countries may have done their own studies. Most countries have limited actuarial resources so rely on consultants or reinsurers.